



USE THE
"AVERILL CHEMICAL PAINT,"
All Colors,
For Painting Dwellings and all kinds of Build-
ings, both inside and out. Prepared for
Immediate Application,
AND REQUIRING
No Oil, Thinner, or Dryer.

THE PUREST WHITE,
AND OVER
Twenty-Five Different Shades!!

It is more Beautiful, more Durable, and Costs
much Less than Lead and Oil, or any other
paint. There being
NO MIXING REQUIRED,
Every person can be

HIS OWN PAINTER,
Without the fear of not having paints properly
mixed. It is Water-Proof and Elastic, and dries
quickly, with a hard, rich and glossy surface
that is warranted not to crack or peel off, and to
retain its bright color, and to last longer than
the best Lead. The amount saved in the cost of
the paint is 25 per cent. on the cost of Lead and
Oil, saying nothing about the expense of Dryers,
Colors, and Mixing required in using Lead.
In offering this Paint to our customers, and the
public generally, we feel justified in asserting
that it is the best, most simple, and most durable
and economical paint now in use, and we war-
rant it to be what it is represented, or refund the
money expended in purchasing it.

"TRY IT."
For sale by
J. B. Fenimore & Co.
Middletown, Del.
Dealers in Lumber and general Hardware, and
agents for the Celebrated "Mellish" Fruit
and Berry Baskets—see advertisement
in another column.
apr. 9—3mos

DR. THOMAS H. GILPIN,
Graduate of the Pennsylvania College of
DENTAL SURGERY,
HAVING located in Middletown, and suc-
ceeded Dr. J. J. Vanderford, respectfully
offers his professional services to the public.
REFERENCES.
Dr. T. L. Buckingham, Dean of Pennsylvan-
ia College of Dental Surgery.
Dr. E. T. Darby, 900 Walnut street, Phila.
Dr. Thomas H. Murgrove, Elkton, Md.
Dr. H. H. Mitchell, " "
Samuel B. Ford, Esq. " "
Rev. Henry H. Matthews " "
march 5—tf

NEW BAKERY,
IN MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
North East Corner of Lake and Broad Streets.

THE undersigned wishes to inform his friends
and the public at large, that he has com-
menced the Baking Business in all its depart-
ments, and will keep constantly on hand,
Bread, Cakes, Crackers, Pies, Candy,
And will supply Weddings, and Parties, with all
sorts of Cakes at short notice.
He has engaged a first class Baker to attend to
the business.
He will also continue the Painting Business in
all its Branches. FRANCIS TARONI.
March 6, 1869—tf

CIGAR AND TOBACCO STORE!!
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE undersigned takes this method to inform
his friends and the public in general,
that he has now on hand a superior stock of
CIGARS AND TOBACCO,
Which he offers at very reasonable rates,
and which cannot fail to please.
Among the Tobaccos are the following:
Best Black Navy Tobacco.....80 Cents.
Best Monitor Navy Tobacco.....90 " "
Best Black Cavendish Tobacco.....90 " "
Best Plain Light Tobacco.....\$1.00
Best Rough and Ready Tobacco.....\$1.15
GIVE HIM A CALL.

JOHN T. HAYES,
1 Door East of National Hotel, Middletown, Del.
apr. 23—tf

DELAWARE MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF WILMINGTON, DELAWARE.
John P. McClellan, Pres. M. M. Child, Sec.
BRANCH OFFICE:
N. W. cor. Ninth & Chestnut Streets,
PHILADELPHIA.
Geo. W. Stone, Vice President, Manager.
Geo. F. Turner, Gen'l Agent & Attorney.
Purely Mutual—Low Rates.
All Policies Nonforfeiting after One Annual
Payment. Every accommodation consistent
with safety guaranteed to Policy Holders.
Books containing full information, concerning
the plans and rules of the Company sent free up-
on application to the Branch Office.
Agents Wanted throughout the States of Pennsylvania
and New Jersey.
Resignations (by permission)—Hon. E. W. Gil-
pin, Chief Justice State of Delaware; Hon. Thos.
F. Bayard, U. S. Senator from Delaware; Rt.
Rev. Alfred Lee, Bishop of Delaware; Gen. Hen-
ry du Pont, Powder Manufacturer; Hon. Gov.
E. A. Bland, Gov. State of Del. the Presidents of
all the Banks in the city of Wilmington; Hon. J.
J. Valentine, Mayor of Wilmington.
June 4—1y.

BEST WOOD-BURNT
BUILDING LIME,
Either by Car Load, Hhd. or Bbl. Also,
CEMENT and PLASTER.

ALL ORDERS WILL BE PROMPTLY
ATTENDED TO BY ADDRESSING
BRIGHT & KEITHLER,
Cor. King and Water Sts. Wilmington, Del.
apr. 23—6mos

WOOL WANTED!!
THE highest cash prices paid for WOOL at
BONEMA MILLS
MURPHY & REYNOLD.
Cassimeres, Kerseys, Yarns, Blankets, &c. al-
ways on hand, and will be exchanged for Wool
if desired.
may 14—tf

NEW STOVE, TIN,
AND
HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

THOMAS H. ROTHWELL'S
NEW BUILDING,
North Side of Main Street, 4 Buildings West
of Town Hall.

Middletown, Delaware.
Where he has constantly on hand, and is pre-
pared to manufacture
ALL KINDS OF TIN WARE,
At Short Notice.

Particular attention paid to
ROOFING AND SPOUTING.
Orders respectfully solicited and promptly at-
tended to.

COOK STOVES.
STAR, COTTAGE, NATIONAL,
CHARM, PRIZE, & VICTOR COOK.

PARLOR STOVES.
BOQUET BASE, GAS, BURNING
BASE, DIAL, VIOLET, REVERE, UNION AIR-
TIGHT.

Stoves suitable for stores, offices, hotels, and
school houses.
Orders will be received and promptly filled for
any kind of Stove that may be ordered.

GALVANIZED, RUSSIA, AND SHEET IRON,
ZINC,

COAL HODS, SEIVES,
POKERS, SHOVELS,
TEA KETTLES, BAKE PANS, WAFFLE IRONS

PRESERVING KETTLES,
ENAMELLED SAUCE PANS,
TEA BELLS, JAPANESE CHAMBER BUCKETS,
SPITTOONS, WAITERS, LANTERNS,

FLOUR AND PEPPER BOXES,
SAND CUPS, MATCH SAFES (Cast Iron),
MOLASSES CUPS,

PEACH CANS,
(Soldered and Self-Sealing)
PATENT CLOTHES FRAMES, &c. &c.

Prompt attention to business, moderate prices,
competent workmen, and a determination to
please, may at all times be expected by those who
may favor him with their custom.

THE VAPOR COOKING STOVE.
No Wood, no Coal, no Stove Pipe, no
Ashes, no Dirt, no Wood Boxes, no
Coal Scuttle, no Kindling Wood,

But a Friction Match,
And the fire in full blast in half a minute, oven
hot in two minutes, steak broiled in seven min-
utes, bread baked in thirty minutes, the fire en-
tangled in a moment.

Please call and examine it in operation at
Thomas H. Rothwell's Stove Store,
MIDDLETOWN, DEL.

Sole owner of the stove for the State.
Feb. 19—y

BAUGH'S
RAW BONE
Super Phosphate of Lime.

TRADE MARK
SPRING 1870.

FARMERS,
INCREASE YOUR CROP OF

Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Wheat & Grass
As well as add to the fertility of your soil, by
judicious and economical mode of
MANURING.

Get the value of your outlay the first season.
Obtain better filled ears and heavier grain.
Make your land permanently fertile.
Over sixteen years of constant use, on all crops,
has proven that Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate
may be depended upon by Farmers.

Highly Improved and Standard Warranted.
For sale by agricultural dealers generally.

BAUGH & SONS,
MANUFACTURERS,
Office—No. 20 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
march 12—6m

DELAWARE RAIL ROAD BONDS,
DELAWARE STATE BONDS,
NEW CASTLE CO. BONDS,
For Sale by GEO. INGRAM & CO.
oct. 23—tf

WANTED,
CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK
STOCK. Highest market rates paid by
Oct. 23—tf GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.

WILMINGTON & READING R. R. BONDS
For sale by GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.
Oct. 23—tf

FIRST Class Real Estate Bonds for sale by
GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.
Oct. 23—tf

CAPITALISTS are invited to call and exam-
ine our list of Securities before investing.
Oct. 23—tf Geo. W. Ingram & Co.

HIDES AND TALLOW WANTED!
The highest prices will be paid at
Nov. 20—tf GIBSON'S,
Middletown, Del.

SEASONED OAK and PINE WOOD, sawed
and Split, delivered in 1870, in quantities to
suit, at \$7 per cord, by
Feb. 19—tf E. T. EVANS.

Select Poetry.

SUNDAY MORNING IN BED.

When the tiresome week is over,
Weird limbs then ask for ease;
No grim task then before you,
No one but yourself to please.
How delicious then, the feeling
That dawns through the drowsy head,
Of a rest unbroken, unsummed,
Sunday morning in the bed.

And such fancies throng around you,
Half asleep and half awake,
Dim defined, yet all so pleasant—
Fancies like the down, opaque,
Waking, dreams of love and fortune,
Brighter far than can be said,
Give a foretaste of Elysium,
Sunday morning in the bed.

And the early sounds contrasting,
Add still more to the repose,
Praise who will the early riser,
Sweeter still's the morning doze!
Labor, bustle, care all banished,
And the only sound you dread
Is the breakfast bell's rough clamor,
Rousing from the Sunday's bed.

Poets sing of early morning,
Heedful, active, fresh and fair,
Riches reaped, industry's harvest,
In the morning's early air—
Well, in week days let's admit it,
Think how soon one's life is sped,
Let poor mortals' joy, unhindered,
Sunday mornings in the bed.

Hunting Scenes.

From the San Francisco Golden City.

AUSTRALIAN SPORTS.

Kangaroo hunting in Australia is one
of the chief amusements among the inhabi-
tants of that country, as also among the
natives or aborigines—with the difference
that the latter hunt to kill for food. The
modes as well as the object differ. The
natives go sneaking under cover to the
haunts of the Kangaroo, and when seen
by them, dead silence prevails amongst
them, and by signs and long experience,
a circle is formed round the prey—some-
thing similar to our military forming a
hollow square. Each person, male and
female, is armed with a long wooden spear.
They place themselves so far apart that
one spear reaches the other if pointed in
that direction. This being accomplished,
the chief or most expert of the tribe goes
back a distance of about one hundred
yards from this circle, and with his dead-
ly and never-missing weapon, the boom-
erang. This weapon is as highly valued
by the Australian native as what the needle
gun is by the Prussian soldier, but is very
different in its construction and ex-
pense. The boomerang is a piece of iron-
bark wood, about two feet long, shaped to
a half-circle, and flat, both inner and outer
parts brought to an edge by being serped
with a piece of flint. Great science is ne-
cessary among them in making this instru-
ment perfect for their use. It must not
be thicker or thinner in one part than an-
other; and, like our Sheffield knives, it
bears the marks of being tested and ap-
proved, before it is pronounced all right.
With this weapon in his hand, the hero
looks where his victim, the Kangaroo, is
situated; and his next look, into the air,
is of considerable length, for in this the
whole mystery lies. Having satisfied him-
self of all those points that are favorable
to his cause, and addressing a few words
to the "Sun" to favor him, he turns his
back to the Kangaroo, and throws the boomerang
far up into the air and away from the
object of his aim. This is no sooner done
than he falls upon his face to the earth.
His deadly missile ascends higher and
higher in the direction it was thrown;
but, strange to say, whenever it commences
to descend, its position rapidly
changes toward the Kangaroo; and, in
ninety-nine cases out of a hundred, it will
strike and kill him. But, should it miss
him, in a minute every spear is brought
to a defensive position, and a yell is raised
from the circle, which serves to start the
Kangaroo, to meet his death; for there is
no getting out of this circle with life. The
death of a full-grown Kangaroo is the
cause of great rejoicing among the tribe,
as also with the hero of the boomerang.
He is looked upon as being in great favor
with the "Sun," in case he kills his vic-
tim; but, on the contrary, if he miss, he
is never allowed to show the name or char-
acter of a chief without taking some won-
derful heroic acts to his tribe, by the way
of recommendation; and those acts are
considered by a council of the whole tribe
before he is admitted to his former posi-
tion.

The European's object for Kangaroo
hunting is amusement. The mode is
something similar to the English fox-hunt.
In Australia the dogs used for this pur-
pose are a species of greyhound, but much
larger and more powerful. A large sized
or full grown Kangaroo, when standing
upon its hind legs—its natural position
in running—would measure about six
feet in height, with a tail about nine feet
long.

When chased by these dogs, its motion
is in long leaps, acting on the tail as a
spring, by which means it will leap a dis-
tance of fourteen to twenty feet, and will
have no difficulty in leaping a wall or
fence fourteen feet high; and will give
these dogs—which are very nearly as swift
as an English greyhound—all they can do
to keep in view of it, and is known to run
from fifty to seventy miles at one chase.
When pursued very hard, and the dogs
closing on it, its cries and moans are so
much pitiful thing you can hear, and re-
semble those of a child about three or four
years old, crying very pitifully; and when
completely exhausted, it will make for a

pond of water, and on the brink give bat-
tle by striking out boldly with its hind
legs and fore feet, but the hind ones in
particular, as on those there are two pow-
erful long nails, which are about six in-
ches in length; and with the force they
command in their action will tear a dog
open, if properly struck. It can keep
these dogs at bay a considerable time;
and, should a man come to the assistance
of the dogs, as is often the case, it instan-
tly springs upon him, and, without any
further ceremony, plunges into the water
with him, and keeps him under sufficient-
ly long to suffocate him; and, when wor-
ried too long by the dogs and seeing no
chance of escape, it makes sure of one dog,
and plunges into the water, with the same
object as it had with the man. Many
cases have been known where the dog has
been kept under water as long as life re-
mained in the Kangaroo—thus showing
that it would prefer to take its own life
rather than gratify its enemies.

The female Kangaroo, when it is given
chase, will never leave her young unpro-
tected, in case she may have such. She
makes sure to pick them up with her fore
legs and slip them into her pouch—a place
of safety that nature has provided her with
for them—and, during the chase, when
pressed too hard, she takes out one and
drops it, and continues on until she is
pressed again, doing the same with the
second and third, which are all they have
at one birth; and, should another male or
female come across the little orphan thus
thrown upon the world unprotected, it
will, with charitable instinct, take it to its
care and protect it, with the same fond-
ness as if it were its own offspring.

In addition to the amusement of hunt-
ing the Kangaroo, there is great pleasure
in eating the flesh, if properly cooked;
and the long tail, when made soup of, bids
fair to equal the American ox-tail, both in
taste and substance. But the manner in
which the natives eat it I do not admire.
They cut it into slices, and leave it ex-
posed to the sun—which is very strong in
that country—until dried up, and then
cover it away for a week, or as long as it
will keep.

But little is known of the manners and
customs of the inhabitants of Thibet. It
is an extensive region of central Asia,
bounded on the north by Chinese Turkeis-
tan, east by China, south by Burma and
Hindustan, and west by Khoondooz and
Cashmere. The population is about 6,
000,000. A large portion of the country
is subject to China. The inhabitants be-
long to the Mongol race, are brave, active
and hardy, generous and honest. They
cultivate the soil where it is practicable,
but are not skillful farmers. They are
celebrated for their workmanship in gold
and silver, and they manufacture beau-
tiful shawls and exquisitely tempered
swords. The customs of the country are
peculiar, and none more so than their
courtship and the manner in which they
manage to do their praying by aid of ma-
chinery, a custom which we should think
some of our clergymen had borrowed from
the Thibetans, to judge from their cold,
stolid manner when addressing the Throne
of Grace from their pulpits or by the side
of a sick or dead parishioner. It is only
necessary to wind the thing up and let it
run, and all the prayers that are consid-
ered necessary, by the inhabitants of Thib-
et, are unwound for twenty-four hours.
The religion of the people doesn't amount
to much, to be sure, and neither does that
which some of our own countrymen enter-
tain, for, while the Thibetans worship the
Grand Lama, a fat, lazy individual, who
has nothing to do but eat and wear good
clothes, it should be remembered that
there are thousands of Americans who care
but little for Christianity but a good deal
for a dollar, and they don't even take the
trouble to keep a praying machine going
in the hope that some of their sins will be
pardoned through its aid.

These strange instruments are usually
made of brass, but in some cases among
the higher order of monks or priests, they
are of gold, and encircled with precious
stones. The handle passes up through
the cylinder, and forms the spindle round
which it revolves; only a very slight ac-
tion of the hand is necessary to make it
turn. The whole of the interior of the
cylinder is filled with papers or cloth
closely printed with the prayer; and the
letters on the outside have the same mean-
ing as those inside. Such machines are
constantly used by the Lamas in the ser-
vice of the temples. Indeed, at all times
there is a merit in whirling them, so that
they may be seen in the hands of the own-
er in his walk through the villages, when
engaged in the ordinary affairs of daily
life. The wheel is always turned in one
way. They believe, it is said, that if
turned in the other direction it undoes all
the good that was gained by turning it in
the first direction. They are therefore
very unwilling to sell their wheels to
strangers, lest they might turn them the
wrong way. In some of the villages there
are cylinders about two feet in height sta-
tioned in a conspicuous place, so that the
people, when they pass, may give them a
turn by a push with the hand. The tem-
ples of monasteries contain very large
praying machines, which are kept revolv-
ing by the priests or monks. They are
also placed in small buildings, erected
over streams, and turned by the water, so
as to save the people the trouble of keep-
ing them going. Two or three that run
by water can say prayers enough for a
whole village, a most cheap and certain
way of taking care of their spiritual wel-
fare, so that no one need be neglected, as

it is often the case in more pretentious
and civilized communities.

But we will leave the praying machine
and turn to the courtship and marriage
customs of the Thibetans.

The maiden has a certain stat given
which she avails herself of to gain a suf-
ficient distance from the crowd to enable
her to manage her steed with freedom, so
as to assist in the pursuit of the suitor
whom she prefers. On a signal from the
father, all the horses gallop after the fair
one, and whoever first succeeds in encir-
cling her waist with his arm, no matter
whether disagreeable or not to her choice,
is entitled to claim her as his wife. After
the usual delay incident upon such occa-
sions, the maiden quits the circle of her
relations, and putting her steed to a hand
gallop darts into an open plain. When
satisfied with her position, she turns round
to the impatient youths, and stretches out
her arms towards them as if to woo their
approaches. This is the moment for giving
the signal to commence the chase, and
each of the impatient youths, dashing his
pointed heel into his courser's side, darts
like the unhooded hawk in pursuit of his
fugitive dove. The savanna is extensive,
full twelve miles long and three in width,
and as the horsemen speed across the
plain, the favorite lover becomes soon ap-
parent by the efforts of the maiden to
avoid all others who approach her. At
length, after near two hours racing, the
number of pursuers is reduced to four or five
who are all together, and gradually gain
on the pursued. With them is the favori-
te, but sometimes, alas! his horse sud-
denly falls in his speed; and as she anx-
iously turns her head, she perceives with
dismay the hapless position of her lover.
Each of the more fortunate leaders, eager
with anticipated triumph, bending his
head on his horse's mane, shouts at the
top of his voice, "I come, my Peri! I'm
your lover."

But she, making a sudden turn, and
lashing her horse almost to fury, darts
across their path, and makes for that of
the plain where her lover is vainly endeav-
oring to goad on his weary steed. The
others instantly check their career; but in
the hurry to turn back, two of the horses
are dashed furiously against each other,
so that both steeds and riders roll over
the plain. The maiden laughs (for she
knows she can elude a single horseman),
and flies to the point where her lover is.
But her only pursuer is rarely mounted,
and not so easily shaken off. Making a
last and desperate effort, he dashes along-
side the maiden, and stretching out his
arm he almost wins his unwilling prize;
but she, bending her head to the horse's
neck, eludes his grasp, and wheels off.
Ere the discomfited horseman can ap-
proach her, her lover's arm is around her
waist, and, amidst the shouts of the spec-
tators, they turn towards home.

A spirited way of winning a bride and
a good test of horsemanship. Sometimes
the maiden takes a lamb or kid on her lap,
and is claimed when the pursuer is able to
snatch the burden from her charge. It
will be observed that the lady is mounted
on her horse in the same manner as the
men. The style will delight the hearts of
some of our female reformers, and give
them another argument for the abolishment
of all kinds of caste. If ladies can ride as
graceful as the girls are represented to do,
we should not complain if they chose the
same method of showing their horsemanship.
But she will be a bold woman who sets
the example.

Some of the animals of Thibet are pecu-
liar. One called the yak, has, for some
time past, been subjected to a series of ex-
periments in France, with a view to ascer-
taining whether the propagation can be
made profitable. Several years ago a herd
of these animals was presented to the So-
ciety of Acclimation. The yak is about
seven feet long and four high. It resem-
bles the ox, but has a bushy tail like the
horse; its hair curls like some kinds of
wool, and it indulges in a peculiar grunt,
which might easily be mistaken for that of
a hog. The wandering tribes of Tartars
hold the yak of high value, because it is a
sure-footed beast of burden, and the fe-
male yields a rich milk, the butter from
which has become quite an article of mer-
chandise. Its meat has a flavor somewhat
resembling that of venison. The wild
yak of Thibet is found near the snow-line
of the mountains, and it is not improbable
that this animal would be found of great
use if introduced into the mountain regions
of the western part of the United States.
The experiment is worth trying unless it
cost the government too much money,
which can hardly be afforded at the pres-
ent time.

Wild boars are numerous in Thibet and
hunted for their flesh and the sport which
they create. Englishmen are quite fond
of risking their lives and limbs for the
sake of sticking a tough old boar, which
shows fight and is always dangerous.
Spears are used by the hunters in their
encounters with the animals, and some-
times it happens that the latter is victori-
ous in spite of terrible wounds. An an-
gry boar, on the charge, is not to be de-
spised, for he fears nothing, has terrible
tusks, and with them can rip open a horse
or man in short order. The only way to
avoid them is to keep one side, and spear
the brute as he passes. English officers,
however, always hunt in company, and
when one person is in danger all rush to
the rescue. Then spears are thrown and
thrust at the poor brute as fast as servants
can supply them, but in such close quar-
ters a savage boar will often badly wound
a horse, that hardly dares to face those
long white tusks.

Wit and Humor.

LACONIC LETTERS.

Some very amusing instances of "la-
conic letters" are given by Mr. George
Stetson in a book he has just published,
entitled "Gossip about Letters and Let-
ter-writers." Says Lord Berkeley to the
Duke of Dorset:

My dear Dorset—I have just been mar-
ried, and am the happiest dog alive.
—Berkeley.

And gets for his answer:
My dear Berkeley—Every dog has his
day!—Dorset.

A young fellow at college wrote to his
uncle, on whom he entirely depended:
My dear Uncle—Ready for the need-
ful—Your Affectionate Nephew.

The uncle replied:
My dear Nephew—The needful is not
ready—Your Affectionate Uncle.

It is pleasant that affection should sur-
vive pecuniary embarrassments, as shown
in the case of Samuel Foote's mother and
himself:

Dear Sam: I am in prison for debt;
come and assist your loving mother,
E. Foote.

Dear Mother: So am I; which prevents
his duty being paid to his loving mother
by her affectionate son,
Sam Foote.

An English nobleman was deeply in love
with a "layde fair." He met her one
evening at a crowded ball, and as he
could not get an opportunity of talking to
her, he contrived to slip into her hand a
piece of paper with the two words, "Will
you?" written upon it. The reply was
equally as brief—"Won't I?"—One
would think that correspondence could
seldom be made more laconic than this;
but the impossible has been achieved.
Brother Smith of Leeds, anxious to learn
any news of his friend and fellow quaker,
Brother Brown of Sheffield, might have
communicated, sent him a quarto sheet
with a point of interrogation inscribed on
the centre. Brother Brown replied by
sending a similar sheet on which nothing
whatever appeared!

A lawyer retained in a case of assault
and battery, was cross-examining a wit-
ness in relation to the force of a blow.

"What kind of a blow was given?"
asked the lawyer.

"A blow of the common kind."

"Describe the blow."

"I am not good at description."

"Show me what kind of a blow it was."

"I can't."

"You must."

"I won't."

The lawyer appealed to the court. The
court told the witness that if the counsel
insisted upon his showing what kind of a
blow it was he must do so.

"Do you insist upon it?" asked the
witness.

"I do."

"Well, then, since you compel me to
show you, it was this kind of a blow!" at
the same time, snatching the act to the word,
he knocked over the astonished disciple of
Cooke and Littleton.

Once upon a time, before the negro had
acquired another than a pecuniary value,
an old colored divine who was holding
forth to an audience of his own race on the
watchful care and goodness of the Al-
mighty, and endeavoring to impress upon
his hearers the value of a christian darkey
in the eyes of heaven, illustrated the point
thus: "my brethren, though you can buy
seven sparrows for a farthing, de Almighty
hab a folk to put down where chery one
of dem falls. Now if the Almighty takes
so much care of de sparrows dat cost only
one-seventh of a farthing, what you 'spose
he do for you a thousand dollar nigger?"

"Bridget, what have you done with
the cream? Those children cannot eat
skim milk for breakfast." "Sure marm,
and it isn't meself that would be after giv-
in the scum to yeess. I tuck that off and
gave it to the cats."

There is a man down east, rather a fac-
tious fellow, whose name is New. He
named his first child Something, as it was
something new; The second he called
Nothing, it being nothing new.

"Do you think," asked Mrs. Pepper,
"that a little temper is a bad thing in a
woman?" "Certainly not ma'am," re-
plied a gallant philosopher; "it is a good
thing, and she ought never to lose it."

MIDDLETOWN, DEL.
SATURDAY MORNING, JUNE 25, 1870.

Col. Hambleton has published a letter in the Eastern Md. Journal, in defense of his vote on the Income Tax, in reply to the strictures of the Cecil Democrat.

The Eastern Star and the Cecil Democrat are at loggerheads, favoring rival interests in the Democratic ranks. The weather is too warm for heated discussion. We propose that they adjourn it until frost.

The House, on Tuesday, adopted a resolution offered by Mr. Logan, 131 to 23, declaring Whittemore, the cadet selling member of Congress, recently re-elected by the negroes of South Carolina, unworthy of a seat in the House, and refusing him admission as a Representative.

It is announced that Hon. David A. Wells, Commissioner of Revenue, has been tendered by Gov. Hoffman, of New York, the appointment to be one of three Commissioners to revise the laws for the assessment and collection of taxes, in the State of New York. It is thought that he will accept the place if his present office should be abolished, or a monopolist tariff put in it.

John Mitchell is prosecuting a civil action against Mr. John A. Dix, for false imprisonment during the late war. The men who were "dressed in a little brief authority," during the war, carried things with a high hand, and from Seward with his little bell, down to the smallest deputy marshal, arrested and imprisoned whom they pleased. And the wonder is that more of them have not been held to the severest account for their wanton abuse of power, pecuniarily and personally. Never men gave grosser provocation.

Judge Hoar has resigned the position of Attorney-General of the United States, and Amos T. Ackerman, of Georgia, has been appointed, by the President, in his place. Mr. Ackerman, it is said, will not be confirmed. It has been discovered that he served eighteen months in the rebel army, and that he is the friend of Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia. How came President Grant to make such a blunder? Why did he not first consult his Radical masters, before presenting the name of Mr. Ackerman for the high position of the Attorney Generalship? Mr. Ackerman was confirmed on Thursday.

There are rumors of other changes in the Cabinet soon to take place, but we don't know whether they are anything more than rumors.

The franking privilege has grown into a stupendous abuse in this country. In the hands of unscrupulous men it has become a powerful party engine, wielded in the interest of a party, though paid for by the common treasure. But, if it cannot be abolished without substituting something equally objectionable, if not more so, by way of direct appropriation for postage to each member, why let us rather "bear the ills we have, than fly to others we know not of." It seems to us that the evil could be cured by appropriate legislation, if there was an honest will to do so, by hedging it about by proper checks and guards, without abolishing the privilege as proposed.

We have noticed the very singular announcement that Rev. Thomas L. Poulson is making arrangements for editing and publishing a daily paper at and during the so-called National Camp Meeting, at Oakington, Harford county, Md. which is to commence on Tuesday, the 12th of July, and continue ten days. The paper is to cost 50 cents to each subscriber, or five cents for each issue. What can any one want with a newspaper published at such a place? Is it intended as a means of grace, and will it exert an evangelizing influence upon its readers? How would a horse-shoeing establishment and a wheel-right shop do at Oakington? Some one's horse might lose a shoe, or some reckless driver might have a wheel taken off. At Red Lion, some years ago, they got to selling books and stationery, agricultural implements, soda water, &c. giving to the camp as much the appearance of a fair as a place of divine worship. The money-changers were scourged out of the temple, and the lesson ought not to be lost upon the men of the present day, who set up their tabernacle in the wilderness, and repair thither to worship God, leaving the cares and perplexities of business behind them. But we fear the clanking of Brother Poulson's printing press will break in upon the harmony of the songs of Zion, and the incense which is in danger of being offered through the columns of his journal, to the pulpit celebrities who flutter around these National Camp Meetings like moths around a candle on a summer night, is not favorable to a growth in grace; and the reading of his racy journal will most likely interfere with the reading of the Word, and with devout meditation thereon.

Congress is taking time by the forelock, having already appointed a committee to make arrangements for the centennial anniversary on the 4th of July, 1876. And what is this committee doing, under this premature appointment? Why, junketing around, at the public expense, on a tour of inspection of the mills, manufactories, refineries, and in around Philadelphia. What on earth have these factories to do with the celebration of the 4th of July, six years hence. These Congressional pleasure trips, to be paid for out of the public treasury, have become so common as to call for public reprehension. We shall next hear, probably, of Congressional committees to all our fashionable summer resorts, to San Francisco, over the Pacific Railroad, to Winnipeg, to Darien, to San Domingo, to Utah, and to every place of note, at home or abroad, and all at the public expense.

Butler and Farnsworth had a pleasant passage-at-arms in the House on Wednesday; Butler called Farnsworth an "assassin," and Farnsworth called Butler a "thief." Compliments will pass when gentlemen meet. The question before the House was upon sustaining the President's veto of the bill for the extension of the pistol patent owned by Rollin White. Butler made a speech in favor of White, whereupon Mr. Farnsworth interrupted him with the charge that he had received a fee of \$2,000 for advocating the claim on the floor of the House. An interchange of bitter vituperation followed. Butler said that he would not submit to interruption from "a man who had more beard than brains." Farnsworth retorted that "the member might curse his beard, but he should not steal under the shadow of his beard."

A pretty saving at the spigot and spending at the bung it is for the Senate to be discussing an abolition of the franking privilege, while at the same session three huge land-grabbing bills are passed or favorably reported, not to speak of a \$300,000 annual subsidy to each steamship between California, New Zealand, and the Fijees.

It is thought probable that the session of Congress may be extended a few days, to July 18th, on account of the state of business. A large amount of unfinished business must go over to next session.

No. 5 of Vincent's History of Delaware is received.

THE CROPS ABROAD.—"The Mark Lane Express," the great newspaper authority on the grain market in England, states that the continued drought in that country is strong evidence of the failure of the wheat crop and a large increase of prices. In March last wheat was selling for \$0.78 the quarter, and at present brings \$1.08. The merchants in England base their calculations on a deficient crop in 1869, and on probable short supplies this year from the Baltic. Grain is also being sent to the Continent, and medium quality California white wheat at \$1.43 per quarter, free on board, was recently shipped for Havre. The Mark Lane Express says that the transient dream of overloaded granaries and endless supplies in England is fading away.

THE GRAIN PROSPECTS.—The New York World of Tuesday, June 21st, says:

The subsidence of the French demand for flour and wheat has produced great depression in our market. The decline in wheat is already ten cents per bushel from the higher figure. Of the receipts only about one-third were sold. Much of the wheat now arriving is unsound, and must be forced upon the market or sent to store. Private accounts from England and France report the weather showery and very favorable to wheat—the rain coming in good time to favor the blooming season. To add to the complications of holders, ocean freights took an upward turn at the close yesterday; the Liverpool steamers demanded sixpence for the last of the week, when a large accumulation of wheat is expected at this market. The depression is assisted by large speculative lines of flour being forced upon the market for resale. But English shippers admit that at some decline their wants will be large, and as our surplus is large, and prospects favorable, activity will soon be renewed.

The Odd Fellows' picnic and re-union near Galens on Wednesday was well attended. Interesting addresses were delivered by Hon. Jas. L. Ridgely, Grand Secretary of the Grand Lodge of the United States, and Rev. J. W. Gray, of Kent. The election for queen of love and beauty resulted in the choice of Miss Hill. The cotillion was interfered with by rain, which commenced falling about 6 o'clock, but a number of the company repaired to Galens, where the day's entertainment was concluded with the dance.

CONTRABANDS.—The credit of first applying this term to slaves has been given to General Benjamin F. Butler, but, according to Hildreth's History of the United States, Thomas Scott, a representative in Congress from Pennsylvania in 1790, argued that, if Africans were considered property, Congress could at pleasure declare them "contraband goods," and so prohibit the slave trade altogether.

Mr. Beniah Truit, of Lincoln, has shipped about 3,500 quarts of strawberries this season which brought him an average of 25 cents per quart. They were all picked from about an acre and a half of ground.

LOCAL AND STATE AFFAIRS.

MEETING OF THE PENINSULAR PEACH GROWERS' ASSOCIATION.—The regular meeting of this Association took place at Dover, Tuesday last, the 21st inst. Dr. Ridgely in the chair, and J. Alexander Fulton, Secretary.

Mr. Charles Brown submitted the report of the Committee on Baskets, setting forth an agreement to return by Railroad all empty baskets. Mr. Brown offered a resolution to appoint a committee to have the agreement between the Peach Growers and the Railroad printed and circulated at all the stations. Also, one motion was made to see the rules enforced. Also a resolution to hold every commission man who chatters cars to the same responsibilities as other common carriers. The following is the

Estimate of this year's crop.

Mt. Pleasant	50,000	Farmington	6,000
Armstrong	100,000	Greenwood	12,000
Middletown	150,000	Bridgeville	10,000
Towson	60,000	Seaford	2,000
Ginn's	30,000	Laurel	10,000
Blackbird	20,000	Salisbury	5,000
Sassafras	15,000	Princess Anne	10,000
Clayton	200,000	Yorktown	500
Brenfret	22,000	Eden	5,000
Morton	60,000	Westover	8,000
Dover	90,000	Kingston	10,000
Camden	73,000	Marion	2,000
Willow Grove	4,000	Yandley	10,000
Canterbury	5,000	Norris	5,000
Plymouth	6,000	Maseys	15,000
Pelton	6,000	Lambson	30,000
Harrington	13,000	Millington	50,000
Milford	50,000	Sadlersville	50,000
Lincoln	50,000	Blacks	40,000
Georgetown	5,000	Kennedyville	50,000

Total 280,106
Mr. Townsend made some remarks concerning the \$5 tax on cars, &c. after which the Association adjourned.

The estimates for stations on the Kent and Queen Anne's Bay Roads, were made by men of intelligence and experience, to be too high; but, we learn from well-informed sources, that it is expected that the Kent Railroad will be extended six miles beyond Kennedville, and the peaches will be hauled from near the water courses to the cars, and that these estimates will be sustained. We should like to see the crop sufficient (1,500,000 baskets) to bring down the freight on the "riding season" to the minimum charge of \$100 from Dover, and some gentlemen entertain the opinion that such is the case, but until the crop is delivered we shall be unable to tell.

MIDDLETOWN ACADEMY.—The spring term of this institution closed Friday, the 18th inst. The second year under the present instructors. The school during the past year has been in a very flourishing condition. The greatest number in the school was 100, and the average attendance about sixty-five. The attendance has been very regular, many hardly missing a day in a term, and the deep interest manifested throughout on the part of the scholars in their studies is highly commendable. The examinations of the spring term began on Tuesday last week and closed on Friday. The entire exercises evinced a thorough preparation on the part of the pupils, and for the most part very satisfactory to the teachers. There were but few failures and the improvement was marked.

There have been two public debates during the term. On each occasion the debate was written out and the thoroughness of preparation showed what careful study would in a short time accomplish. The proceeds that were raised by the exhibition in March were devoted to philosophical apparatus. These have been exhibited once each week and have added much to the interest in that important study.

There are some quite advanced students now in the institution. One class has thoroughly completed the elementary algebra and several are geometry. A great many of the students are in photography which made fine advancement. There are likewise several in the preparatory class for College. Four are now reading the orations of Cicero which is the most advanced class; these are Philip Boone, Fletcher Burris, Harry Evans, and Harry Colclazer.

The following pupils have passed through the term without having a single mark of incorrigible record: William Wood, Edith Wood, John Gibbs, Willie Penington, Harry Petherbridge, Harry Wilson, Amanda Cochran, Katie Gibbs, Laura Penington, Mary Deaton, Laura Deaton, Mary Penington, Alice Wood, and Clara Wood. The Academy opens its next session on the 12th of September next.

A DISGUISED SHORT.—A party of four persons (one woman and three men) packed into one small buggy, drove into Middletown on Tuesday evening last. They were from Millington, and it was soon discovered that one of them, at least, was a tramp. After dropping the load, one of them, said to be a merchant of Millington, drove up and down our principal street a few times, and ended his exploits in this line by breaking the counterpane of his carriage, and then he drove him out, trusting him more or less. He was taken to Dr. Barr's drug store, where he lay for some time in a stupor, more drunk than hurt. Subsequently he managed to reach the stable yard of one of our hotels, where about midnight he was found prone upon the earth, picked up and put in a place of shelter. "Oh! that man should put an enemy in his mouth to steal away his brains."

THE MARSH HARVESTERS.—Built by Marsh, Stewart & Co., Philadelphia, will be operated in the field of Mr. John Cochran to-day. The load, one of the favorable. It cuts a swath of five feet. The grain, as fast as cut is conveyed to a table by means of a canvas carrier, where two men bind it as fast as delivered to them. It is claimed that two men standing on the platform can bind twelve acres per day without difficulty. Two horses can draw it with ease. It is so evenly balanced that there is no strain on the wheels. It is a careful binder it needs no horse-rake to follow it.

THE PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.—At the Synod which met in Wilmington last week, a new Presbytery called New Castle was formed. It is composed of Delaware and Maryland churches, comprising Bay and Susquehanna River, comprising about forty churches. The Presbytery met after the adjournment of the Synod and elected Rev. Geo. S. Kennedy, of Smyrna, Moderator, Rev. John Crowell, D. D. of Oxford, Sec. and Rev. H. Smith, D. D. of Wilmington, Permanent Clerk. The Baltimore Synod meets on the second Tuesday in October next, in Baltimore.

PLEASANT EXCURSIONS.—On Thursday week the Methodist Episcopal Sunday School of Eastern, had a delightful excursion to Smyrna, which on Wednesday the Methodist Protestant Sunday School of Eastern made a similar excursion over the Railroad to Smyrna. We invite the citizens of the peninsula to extend their excursions as far as Middletown. Our citizens would be glad to interchange courtesies with them.

The army won, in countless numbers, is committing its ravages upon the wheat and timothy fields around Middletown. In some instances the timothy has been completely destroyed. The wheat appears to be too far advanced to be greatly injured by it. Some farmers have cut their timothy to save it from the worm.

Yesterday was the day appointed for the execution of Edward Darnel, negro, convicted of the murder of Thomas Hogan, near Canterbury. The prisoner admitted his complicity in the murder, but said that Wm. Loper, who was tried and acquitted, committed the crime.

KENT COUNTY RAILROAD.—The Chestertown News states that the directors have made an arrangement for iron sufficient to lay the track from Key'sville to Dwyer's, which point it is expected to have the road in operation by the first of August.

RED LION CAMP.—A quarterly camp for Christiana Circuit, Wilmington Conference, will be held in Moore's Woods, near the Delaware Railroad, commencing on Wednesday, the 1st of August, and closing on Thursday the 11th.

Hail fell here at 12 o'clock, on Monday night. Also south of the town, and at Warwick and other places west and north, but very little damage was done, as it was light and soon over.

Our machinists and foundrymen have had a busy week of it, getting the machinery ready for the harvest. Our mechanics are skillful, prompt business men.

The students of Middletown Academy set the town all agog, on Friday night, of last week, by attaching a rope to the bell, and ringing it vigorously, about 10 o'clock, after many of our citizens had retired. Men, women and children, rushed along the streets, looking for the supposed fire, but soon understood the "bell," and retired. The summer term had closed, and the students thought it a fit time to have a little fun. The Professors were a little piqued, at first, but concluded to laugh it off as a good joke, remembering that they were once boys themselves.

The Amphions visited West Chester, Pa. on Thursday evening, for the detention of the visitors to Mr. Wyers' Academy. The last we heard of them, they were enjoying a good dinner at the Girard, on Thursday, the leader still in the lead, and although several of them are left-handed at the bow, at knife and fork, they go it, right and left.

The Snow Hill Messenger has a rumor that Dr. Nixon who has been peddling some trash he calls "XIU80R," has killed himself with his own drugs. A lady of this town was unseasonable in laughing at him, after she had taken a dose of his medicine.

The case of Whortensy vs. Dr. William Daniel and M. Bailey, in the U. S. Circuit Court, involving the ownership of the ground whereon Clayton has been built, has been postponed till October.

Our acknowledgments are due to Messrs. Folk & Hyatt, of Oxford, for a crate of very fine raspberries. Also to Mrs. Ryan, of this town, for a lot of fine white honey in the comb.

George M. Tyson, of Warwick, has been appointed justice of the peace, for the first district of Cecil county, Md. vice William Hunter, deceased.

We regret to hear that Dr. Wright, of Warwick, in jumping hurriedly from his carriage, on Monday evening, when visiting a patient, fractured a small bone of one of his legs.

Two children of Mr. Golt, of Mill Creek Hundred, died, on the 5th inst. from eating strychnine which had been placed in a closet to kill vermin.

The steamers to connect with the Junction and Broadwater roads, between Lewes and New York were put on the line on Tuesday.

The Second Baptist Church, Sunday School, Wilmington, will make an excursion to Collins' Beach on Tuesday next.

Bishop Scott will preach in the Methodist E. Church, in this town, to-morrow morning, at the usual hour for service.

The wheat harvest commenced here on Wednesday, the 22d of June. The crop is very light.

At Baltimore, on Saturday, a colored man named James Lewis, was fatally stabbed by Charles Rose, son of a butcher in Centre Market, because he refused to assist the latter in removing some meat to a wagon. Lewis died from the effects of the wound in a few hours, and Rose has disappeared.

The Ecumenical Council is discussing the Infallibility scheme by sections, the debate on the preamble being closed.—A protest of the dogma have addressed to the Pope.

Eliza Burritt is now in Birmingham, England, engaging a lot of English servant girls for Providence, (R. I.) families.

Jeremy Cantwell, of Pulaski county, Ill. has just married his sixth wife although he is not yet forty-five years old. It is said that Kansas will more than double her population this year. The immigration is very great.

The old Swedes Church, in Wilmington, was 171 years old last Sunday.—It was dedicated on Trinity Sunday 1699.

Kansas City has seventy newspapers, thirteen of which are dailies.

Jefferson Davis was sixty-two years of age on Friday, the 10th inst.

Chicago received one hundred tons of strawberries in one train of twenty-three cars, week before last.

Road steamers, or steam carriages upon common roads, long talked of and frequently but hitherto unsuccessfully experimented upon in this country, have been introduced in the streets of Edinburgh with a promise of permanent success. A patent omnibus, driven by steam, and adapted to city streets and to public roads generally, has been tried sufficiently to create a general belief that a new era of locomotion in that respect has begun. It is provided with elastic wheel-tires, to prevent undue noise and injury to the pavement, and the motive power is so disposed of as to guard effectually against the danger of alarming horses, or any other of the risks which attend the passage of traction engines through crowded thoroughfares, being perfectly under control and capable of being regulated as easily and almost as nicely as a watch. A highly satisfactory trial-trip was made two weeks ago, about fifty gentlemen occupying the omnibus. It was run through the principal streets of Edinburgh, to the admiration of passengers and beholders, ascended and descended steep places with ease and safety, turned round without stopping and with more than ordinary facility, and took its place among the usual traffic so naturally and simply as to inspire universal confidence in its practicability. We have never entertained a doubt that this mode of locomotion was entirely feasible, and have been surprised that Yankee ingenuity and thrift have not before this made it available in this country.

REMARKABLE ESCAPE.—The Smyrna Times says:—On Friday afternoon last a little boy named Weller was, among others, bathing in Denney's mill pond, (Duck Creek) near this town, when he met with a narrow escape from drowning. The flood gates were up to let off water and the little fellow was caught by the eddy and drawn down into the current, forced through the gates by the surging volume of water, turned end over end in the turbulent whirlpool and finally landed on the shore on the other side of the gate hole, being but little injured in his rapid submarine passage from the mill pond to the meadow below.

CAMP-MEETINGS.—The following list of M. E. Camp-meetings will doubtless be of interest to many readers.

Fifth National, Oakington. Md. July 12; Harrington, Del. July 23; Church Hill, Md. July 27; Red Lion Del. August 2; Camden, Del. August 6; Ennall's Springs, Md. August 5; Deals Island, Md. August 5; Lincoln, Del. August 6; The Chesterville Camp will commence on the 20th of July.

One hundred and fifty Chinese have arrived in St. Louis, en route for New Orleans.

ITEMS OF NEWS.

An infant child of William Leedy, only one year old, was murdered by his nurse, a girl of thirteen, named Catherine Hammell, near Boyertown, Berks county, Pa. on Monday afternoon. After the murder, which was committed while the family were at work in the hay field, the girl fled to the woods, but was brought to trial by a stage driver, Tuesday morning, and committed. She at first accused a railroad watchman of the crime, but is said to have subsequently confessed her guilt. The infant was killed by cutting its throat, and the only motive known is that it was troublesome to the girl.

The steamer George B. Upton returned to New York on Tuesday. She succeeded in landing her second supply of men and arms on the coast of Cuba without trouble from the Spanish gun-boats. She left Aspinwall on this expedition on the 28th of June, cleared for New York, and reached Cuba on the 12th. The Havana telegrams confirm this news, and admit that the Upton landed a force under Colonel Leno, 1,000 stand of arms, a large quantity of ammunition, and a French repeating cannon. None of this war material has been captured.

The gypsies are about to establish a colony at New Albany, Ohio, and there are now gathered there about forty families, several of which have settled down on estates contiguous. "Delegations are still arriving," says the New Albany Ledger—though what can have caused this movement of concentration is, as a Yankee would say, unguessable. They propose to invest in estates, one adjoining another, and have the traditional Gypsy Queen with them.

A Havana despatch conveys the welcome intelligence that the steamer Dacia, whose loss was falsely chronicled several days ago, has arrived uninjured at Porto Rico, from England. The Dacia brought the new West India cable, in charge of Sir Charles Bright, who was a passenger. The laying of the cable between St. Thomas, Porto Rico, and Jamaica is to begin immediately.

A gentleman arrived at Salt Lake from Omaha, reports that on the 15th inst. as the Pacific Railroad train approached Platte river, a party of three hundred mounted Indians were seen crossing the track. As the train approached them they began to yell, when the engineer supposing they intended an attack, put on more steam and dashed through them, killing thirteen. Such is the report.

The N. Y. Times tells us that sixty miles beyond St. Paul is a farm worked by seven sisters. The parents of these girls were both invalids, and very poor. They went from Ohio to Minnesota barely three years ago, for their health. Under the homestead law the family secured a pre-emption claim of the usual hundred and sixty acres.

The Currency Bill Passed.—The Currency bill passed the House of Representatives Wednesday afternoon by a vote of 98 to 81. It authorizes the issue of \$95,000,000 additional currency, retires the 3 per cents, and provides for the re-distribution of \$25,000,000 currency. The bill is regarded at Washington as inflation to the extent of \$50,000,000.

At Baltimore, on Friday, the suit of Norton W. Seibert and Elizabeth, his wife, against John Lesson, for assault, was decided by an award of \$2000 damages to Mrs. Seibert. It appears that the defendant went to Seibert's house during his absence, last February, and seizing his wife's hand, kissed it against her will.

Trotting Hare sold for a Big Price.—Chas. W. Haddaway, Esq. of Talbot co. has sold his gray trotting mare, "J. B. Pearce," sired by Frank Pearce, Jr. to General Beale, of Pennsylvania, for \$1,300. She has trotted a mile in 2.40.

The weather in England has been favorable for the crops. There have been successive thunder storms, extending over a wide tract of country, and several destructive fires caused by lightning are reported.

The military authorities at Fortress Monroe have been called upon to drive the colored "squatters" from a farm at "Ocean View," and a company of artillery was sent for the purpose on Tuesday.

The Republic of Liberia, under the new President, E. J. Roy, is said to be very prosperous. A thousand applications have been made from Southern freedmen for passage there next November.

Hail storms prevailed on Monday last, all over New England and New York. The mercury rose to 95 and 98 on Sunday and Monday, but the temperature was lower, for several days after.

A fellow named Clark tried to escape from the Chestertown jail one night last week and got fastened in the bars of the window from which he could not extricate himself.

The great rubber litigation of Charles Goodyear vs. the Providence (R. I.) Rubber Company, which has been pending some seven years, has ended, the company agreeing to pay the complainant \$332,000. The New York papers say that the yearly income of A. T. Stewart is \$1,420,000; W. B. Astor, \$1,273,000; H. T. Helmholtz, \$182,000; Cornelius Vanderbilt, \$400,000.

Governor Holden, of North Carolina, since he can't be beholden to the administration for regular troops, has ordered the State militia into active service to help him in holdin' on.

Mr. C. I. B. Mitchell, of Queenstown, Maryland, has a Cotswold buck which yielded a fleece weighing 18½ pounds. Some of the locks measured 17 inches in length.

A man arrived in Sioux City on the 27th ult. with 42,000 muskrat skins, 500 mink, 500 wolf and 300 other skins, purchased from the Indians in the vicinity.

The Virginia Legislature has appropriated \$1,500 to remove the Virginia dead from Gettysburg and Arlington to Hollywood Cemetery, Richmond.

Ten million quarts of strawberries have been brought into Norfolk, this season. Most of them have been shipped to the North.

"Coal Oil Johnny" Steel, the expetroleum-prince, is now driving a team at Rouseville, Pa. for a living. Peaches are ripe in Georgia, and Texas is enjoying green corn.

THE DARIEN CANAL.

It is hinted by our Panama correspondent that the Darien expedition is a failure. The object was to procure such a survey of the isthmus as might demonstrate the feasibility of an interoceanic canal; but in this as in every prior effort to the end since the sixteenth century the natural obstacles encountered have been too great for engineering skill. In less than a half century after the discovery of the New World, Philip II. conceived the idea of connecting the Atlantic and Pacific by a ship canal across the isthmus; but so futile was the survey ordered by him that nothing ever came of it but a royal mandate that the attempt should never be renewed, nor should any one even venture to suggest such a thing, on pain of death. It almost seems, in the light of subsequent events, as if the curse of the cruel king adhered to the isthmus from that day. Not to speak of the horrible destruction and devastation wrought upon it by the buccaners and the terrible fate of the Darien colony, in which the flower of Scotland went down, every attempt to cut through this narrow neck of land has absolutely failed. For over three hundred years the effort has been made, and the isthmus yet stands, the defier of human skill and the enemy of commerce. Noted rulers, among them this same Philip II. and Bolivar, the South American liberator; noted men of science, prominent among them Baron Humboldt; powerful governments, those of France, of Spain, of England, the United States—have all advised, hoped for, and attempted a Darien canal, and the swamps, mountains, and malaria of the isthmus have defied them all. We seem to-day no nearer the accomplishment of Philip the Second's dream than Philip found himself when his Flemish engineers reported the route impossible, and perhaps are even worse off than the Spanish monarch, seeing that with him the enterprise was an untold one but three centuries of failure are before us. Once more the surveyors have withdrawn, the French strikers—New York World.

The Governor of St. Thomas has proclaimed the Island again under the protection of Denmark, the United States Senate having failed to ratify the treaty of transfer. Violent shocks of earthquake had been felt in several of the windward islands.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Notices under this head 10 cts. a line for each insertion.

J. A. Reynolds & Sons have laid in a stock of Harvest Tools for the coming harvest, consisting of Hay and Straw Forks, Grain Bakes, Cradle Scythes, Mowing Scythes, Scythe Stones, Rifles, Water Cans, &c. which will be sold at the lowest prices on the most liberal terms. A liberal discount for cash.

Just received by S. R. Stephens & Co. a fresh stock of Goods, very cheap; also about 2000 yds. of Remnants or short pieces of Calicoes from the manufactory, at 6 and 7 cents per yard, or Cents per lb. such as have been selling at 12½ cents per yard.

A FACT.—Wanamaker & Brown have spent more money and labor on their present stock than any previous one, and yet they manage to keep the prices down.

THE MARKETS.

MIDDLETOWN MARKET.
COLLECTED WEEKLY BY A. T. BRADLEY.

Wheat, prime.....	\$1.40
Corn, yellow, new.....	55
" " white.....	1.00
Oats, new.....	58
Timothy Seed.....	7.50
Clover Seed.....	9.50
Legume.....	25 cts per doz
Butter.....	18¢20 cts per lb
Lard.....	19¢20 " "
Chickens (dressed).....	15¢16 " "
Turkeys.....	19¢20 " "
Ducks.....	19¢20 " "
Geese.....	15¢16 " "
Hams.....	22¢25 " "
Sides.....	18¢20 " "
Shoulders.....	15¢16 " "
Pork, (dressed).....	12¢14 " "
Potatoes.....	35¢40 " bushel

Prime new red wheat.....	\$1.43¢1.45
Corn, new yellow.....	59¢61 10
Oats (Pennsylvania).....	61
Timothy.....	7.50
Flour.....	\$6.75¢9.75

The Middletown Transcript

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY,
BY CHAS. HAMILTON VANDERFORD.

TERMS.—\$2.00 per annum, payable in advance.
Single copies five cents.
ADVERTISING RATES.—One square of ten lines, \$1 for three insertions and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. One square one year \$10; six months \$6. For a quarter of a column three months \$3; six months \$5; one year, with the privilege of four changes, \$25; for half a column \$50. Fractions of a square to be counted as a square. When the number of insertions is not marked, advertisements will be continued until forbad, and charged accordingly. Obituaries published at advertising rates. Marriages and Deaths inserted free. Young advertisers must confine their advertisements to their own business. All letters should be addressed to THE MIDDLETOWN TRANSCRIPT, Middletown, Del. Office corner Main and Scott streets.

For the Middletown Transcript.

PERU STATION, DELAWARE RAILROAD,
Near Armstrong's Corner, June 21.

MR. EDITOR:—On Thursday the 9th inst. the great wool-pulling convention of the negro party of the State of Delaware, assembled at Dover for the purpose of nominating candidates for Governor and Congress, all the scientific shoulder hitters and bruisers from the different counties being present except the gentleman of color from this county, who so ingloriously defeated young Jammy Riddle in a pugilistic encounter for the champion belt of Christiana Hundred, a few days before. He was considered rather a dangerous element to introduce to their friends from Kent and Sussex counties, the ring managers having decided that he was ruled out having so recently won the belt. After the organization took place and much discussion had in regard to the object for which they had assembled, they discovered the material composing the body could not be harmonized, the finale of which was a regular row and a free fight. Tony Snag, after swallowing a pickle to clear his pipes of negro wool, commenced bawling at the top of his voice to clear the track and form a ring. The ropes were soon stretched and time called by the same individual, when the combatants accompanied by their seconds and bottle-holders entered the ring. Tossing for corners then commenced, which resulted in favor of the Mill Boy, not of the Slashes, but of Herring Town Boggs. The friends of Pill Box concluded not to give it up so, but to fight it out on that line. Both of the combatants entered the ring, looked gay and happy, shook hands and smiled according to the most approved style of Heenan and Sayers. After considerable parley and several feints, each trying for advantage ground, a square round was fought resulting in favor of the Mill Boy, the vendor of pukes and pills falling heavily across the ropes, with one eye closed. His friend and bottle-holder cried out "Slaughter him, if you dare!" After much confusion and cries of "foul!" another round was fought with no better result for Pill Box, and many of his friends withdrew from the scene of the contest, thinking his fate sealed. On the third and last round, the Mill Boy got in what they called an old fashioned Sussex county sockdologer, knocking Pill Box across the ropes and out of time, which caused him to jump so high that he jumped clear out of the ring, when his second threw up the sponge, and the Mill Boy was declared victor. Old Uncle Ben, of Sussex, who had long been in training for the contest, was ruled out, on account of over weight.

Old Cutting Box having no opponent of light weights, the stakes were declared forfeited in his favor, after which an ode to Uncle Ben was sung standing, Pill Box lending the choir:

O, if I could sing like Uncle Ben,
Like Uncle Ben
So loud and turgid high,
The Governor's office might go to him,
And I would say "Shoo Fly."

After singing, the benediction was pronounced by one of the weak-kneed Vice Presidents, and thus ended the great wool pulling match, for the present.

TOM POKER.

Democratic Executive Committee.

Pursuant to call a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee of New Castle county was held at the Democratic Headquarters, corner Fourth and King streets, Wilmington, Del.

On motion, Col. Jesse Sharpe was called to the Chair, and Wm. Herbert appointed Sec.

On motion of Dr. Brown, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the member from each Hundred call a meeting of the Democratic and Conservative citizens of their several Hundreds at an early day, for the purpose of efficient organization for the coming campaign.

On motion, Col. Jesse Sharpe was elected permanent Chairman of the Committee, and Dr. Brown, Secretary.

There was a full attendance at the meeting, and after transacting some other unimportant business, the Committee adjourned subject to the call of the Chairman.

WM. HERBERT, Sec.

Gen. Butler has reported to Congress an amnesty bill which is so full of exceptions as to exclude every experienced, intelligent and useful citizen in the South. To make the act of amnesty worth anything at all, Congress should wipe out all exceptions and proclaim full pardon for all offences growing out of the rebellion. There would be magnanimity in such a course as that.

The Paris journals of Wednesday publish the "great speech" of Castellar in the Spanish Cortes, on Monday, on the abolition of slavery in the colonies. He quoted Mr. Lincoln's proclamation, which elicited applause.

An expedition from Cornell University, Thursday started from New York for Rio Janeiro. The professors are to explore the basin of the Amazon.

The stores of Brewer Brothers, furniture dealers, and J. D. auctioneer, at Lowell, Massachusetts, were destroyed last night by fire. Loss \$16,000.

THE AMERICAN

Buttonhole, Overseaming,
SEWING MACHINE,

Has the following advantages over most all other Sewing Machines in the market:

- 1 It has a tension which prevents cutting of thread or dropping of stitches.
- 2 It has the most powerful construction, which will insure good work for a quarter of a century.
- 3 It sews the lightest cambric and the usual shoe leather without any strain whatever.
- 4 It has a feed bar which can be lowered or raised at will, thus adapting it to all kinds of material.
- 5 It is impossible to get the machine out of order unless by rust, dust or taking apart. It will never get out of order by working.
- 6 It has the highest attainable speed, making 2,200 stitches per minute by foot, and 3,000 by steam.
- 7 It is the lightest running shuttle machine.
- 8 It makes the most beautiful lock stitch.
- 9 It has the handsomest appearance.
- 10 It has the strongest, most convenient, hand-somely polished, braced table, with drawer, and board to prevent soiling the dress.
- 11 Its cover is polished, fitting and locked as a little trunk. There is nothing better than this to preserve the machine.
- 12 It has straight needle.
- 13 Four bobbins hold a spool of cotton.
- 14 It has the best hemmer.
- 15 It has the most complete attachment, the Jack-of-all-trades, hems, fells, bastics, tucks, braids and ruffles.
- 16 It is as simple as any machine in the market.
- 17 It needs but little time to learn its operation.
- 18 It has the best embroidery attachment.
- 19 It sews on straight a piece while puffing attachment at the same time without basting, attachment or after work.

These advantages combine the best qualities of a sewing machine for the family who want to use it steadily in all kinds of work. Nothing equal can be found in the way of combining the advantages of all the sewing machines now known, while obviating all their faults.

PRICES.

- No. 1-Buttonhole Machine.
PRICE, \$75.
- No. 3-Covered Machine.
WITH EXTRA ATTACHMENTS, \$90.
- No. 5-FOLDING COVER AND EXTENSION TABLE.
Price, with all the Attachments, \$100.
- No. 7-CABINET.
Price with plain cover \$125 and upwards.
Price with folding cover \$155 and upwards.

THE FOLLOWING ADVANTAGES

THE AMERICAN Possesses alone and undisturbed, there being no other machine even pretending them:

- 1 It has a larger arm and stronger construction than any family machine, admitting larger pieces of work, thus fitting the machine to family and manufacturing purposes as well, without need of two machines. It has 8 1/2 x 5 inches clear room.
- 2 It hems any width or thickness, from 1-16 of an inch cambric to 2 inches beaver.
- 3 It binds a coat, a skirt, or a hat without any bind or binding whatever.
- 4 It folds up the brim of a hat to any fullness.
- 5 It overcomes a sheet or Brussels carpet.
- 6 It makes beautiful eyelet work.
- 7 It embroiders on the edge.
- 8 It makes buttonholes of any size on any material.
- 9 It has the braiding machine which makes braid of size or color at the rate of 150 yards per hour. This sells for \$10 extra.
- 10 It always won the first premium at every exhibition in which it has been entered.

THE AMERICAN

Can be had as a plain sewing machine without the buttonhole and overseaming, at \$15 less than the given prices.

We want a few reliable agents everywhere, to whom we will make it an object to sell these popular machines.

Machines will be sent to any address on receipt of price. Every machine has a full outfit for plain sewing, hemming, &c.

We simply ask an examination to verify all we state.

G. PATRONI,
Office and Warerooms,
511 KING STREET
WILMINGTON,
DELAWARE.
June 18-1y

Card from James Armstrong.

THE undersigned would hereby respectfully beg leave to return his sincere thanks to the Democratic and Conservative voters of New Castle county for their partiality in selecting him as their candidate for the Sheriffalty, from among so many other gentlemen, whose names were presented to them on Saturday last, any one of whom would have done honor alike to the office and the great party to which they so long and faithfully adhered.

It would afford him great pleasure to visit his friends in every Hundred in the county and to tender to each, personally, his thanks for the honor conferred upon him; but, as circumstances, which are best understood by those who are most intimately acquainted with him, render this impracticable, he adopts this as the only available mode of expressing his gratitude to his fellow-citizens for their past support and of soliciting a continuation of the same at the ensuing general election, pledging himself, that should he be so fortunate as to be elected to the said office, he will discharge its duties with honesty, fidelity, and to the best of his humble ability.

JAMES ARMSTRONG.
Newark, Del. June 11, 1870—to

Collector's Notice—State Tax!!

IN accordance with the requirements of Section 40 of the Act of the General Assembly of the State of Delaware, entitled "An Act Providing Revenue for this State," passed at Dover, April 18, 1869, I hereby notify all persons liable to the Tax on Sales and Manufactures for the quarters ending December 31st, 1869, and March 31st, 1870, respectively, and the Annual Tax on Corporations, Investments, Gross Receipts, Incomes, &c., for the year ending September 30, 1869, that I will attend at the time and places herein mentioned, to receive said taxes, as follows, viz:

To accommodate the citizens of White Clay Creek Hundred, at Philip Marvel's Hotel, in the town of Newark, on the 4th day of July, and at John Elliott's Hotel, in Christiana Village, on the 5th day of July, 1870.

To accommodate the citizens of New Castle Hundred, at the House of George Whitehead, in the town of New Castle, on the 8th day of July, 1870.

In Pendler Hundred, at the Hotel of Mr. Guthrie, in Glasgow, on the 11th day of July, 1870.

In Red Lion Hundred, at Dunlap's Hotel, in Delaware City, on the 12th, and at Vansant's Hotel, in St. Georges, on the 15th day of July, 1870.

In St. Georges Hundred, at the Hotel in Odesa, on the 18th, and at the Hotel of George Ortilp, in Middletown, on the 19th day of July, 1870.

In Appoquinimink Hundred, at the Hotel of Mr. Townsend, at Townsend, on the 20th day of July, 1870.

Between the hours of 9 o'clock A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M. each day.

Taxes from any of the aforesaid Hundreds will be received at any of the places above named at the times stated.

All persons, associations, firms or corporations who shall neglect to pay their taxes at the times and places aforesaid, will be required to pay, in addition, the penalties and costs prescribed by the WILLIAM R. LYNAM, Collector of State Taxes for the above Hundreds. June 18-5w

The Hyperion Hair Curlers

An Indispensable Article for the Ladies.
PATENTED JULY 9th, 1867.

This curler is the most perfect invention ever offered to the public. It is easily operated, neat in appearance, and will not injure the hair, as there is no heat required, nor any metallic substance used to rust or break the hair.

Manufactured only, and for sale by
McHILLAN & CO.
No. 63 North Front St. Philadelphia.

Sold at dry goods, trimming and notions stores. N. B.—Single box 25 cents; six boxes \$1.50. Sent by express, on receipt of the money. June 18-6mos

CONRAD MEYER,
Inventor and Manufacturer of the
CELEBRATED IRON FRAME PIANOS,
WAREHOUSES, No. 722 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

Has received the prize medal of the World's Great Exhibition, London, Eng. The highest prizes awarded when and where exhibited.

June 18-3m

Six Cents Reward!!
RANAWAY from the subscriber, on the 26th of May last, THOMAS ELMEN FEEN, an indentured apprentice. All persons are forbid to harbor him, or trust him on any account. The above reward will be paid for his return to the undersigned.
JAMES T. BROOKS,
Del. 11-3m Appoquinimink Hd.
June 11-3m Appoquinimink Hd.
Del. 11-3m Appoquinimink Hd.
June 11-3m Appoquinimink Hd.

LONGEST ROOF

IN the United States is on Rinek's "Sons" Factory, Easton, Pa.—one-third of a mile long—and is covered with
Ready Roofing
Cheap durable, and easily applied. Send for circular and samples to the manufacturers.
READY ROOFING CO.
June 4-1y No. 64 Courtland st. N. Y.

CLUTE BROTHERS' AGRICULTURAL ENGINE!!
The undersigned is prepared to receive orders for these Engines, which are warranted to give satisfaction.
For information regarding price and size, apply to, or address
E. T. EVANS,
Middletown, Del.
June 11-1m

FIRST Class Real Estate Bonds for sale by
GEO. W. INGRAM & CO.
Get 23-1f
CAPITALISTS are invited to call and examine our list of Securities before investing.
Geo. W. Ingram & Co.
Oct. 23-1f

TRY THE PERSIAN INSECT POWDER, for destroying Bed Bugs, Rousches, &c. and DUTCH LIGHTNING FLY-KILLER—they never fail.
For sale at
CHAMBERLAIN'S APOTHECARY.
may 28-1m

50,000 PEACH BASKETS,
For Sale at Very Low Rates; made to order and guaranteed to give satisfaction.
W. P. BIGGS,
Address
30-4mos Summit Bridge, Del.

NOTICE.
HAVING purchased the exclusive right for New Castle county to manufacture and sell Smith's Patent Extension Step and Fruit Ladder, we hereby forward all persons from trespassing upon our rights in said Ladder, as we will enforce the law against any one so offending.
June 4-1f J. B. FENIMORE & CO.

GIBSON'S PRICE CURRENT.
Eggs 20cts., Lard 16cts.
Butter 45c., Hogs 11c.
Chickens, dressed 14c., Hogs, alive 10c.
Ducks 14c., Potatoes, round 35c.
Turkeys 14c., Peas 65c.
Geese 12c., Honey 20c.

The above prices will be paid in cash for produce delivered in good order, and we wish to say that we keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Groceries and Provisions which we will sell reasonably for cash, at the Corner of Broad and Anderson Streets, Middletown, Del.
March 20-1f Wm. Z. GIBSON.

Trustee's Sale OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE On Very Liberal Terms.

BY virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court for Cecil county, in chancery, passed in the cause of Thaddeus S. Smith and wife vs. Samuel C. Smith and others, the undersigned will expose at Public Auction, on
THURSDAY AFTERNOON, JUNE 30th, 1870,
at 1 o'clock, at the Court House, in Elkton, all the Valuable Real Estate of which Samuel Smith, late of said county, died seized.

The Real Estate consists of a Farm of
Two Hundred and Sixty Acres,
more or less, lying in Cecil county, Maryland, near the Delaware line, and about four miles southerly from the town of Elkton. About Eighty Acres are in WOODLAND, and the remainder is arable land, and is divided into six fields, all of them well watered, a small stream of running water passing through several of them. The soil is of good natural quality, and has been considerably improved by lime and other fertilizers. There is on the farm an ORCHARD of Fifteen Acres of PEACH TREES, two years old, of excellent varieties, and in a very flourishing condition, a small APPLE ORCHARD of thriving trees of choice varieties, and just coming into bearing.

The improvements consist of a TWO-STORY FRAME HOUSE, containing eight good rooms, besides a Back Kitchen attached. The main building is 38 by 40 feet, and has a good cellar underneath. There are also on the farm a Frame Barn 50 by 30 feet, Granary 30 by 20 feet, Carriage House, Smoke House, Poultry House, small Farm House for hands, &c.

N. B.—A Lot of Three Acres on the edge of the place, where a Tile Yard now stands, will be offered separately. The improvements thereon for the purpose of manufacturing tile, &c., are the property of the present tenant, who will have the right to remove the same. On this lot is also a Small House and Garden, now occupied by a colored man, who has the right to occupy the same as long as he lives free of charge.

Any liens that may exist against any of the devices of the said Samuel Smith, will be paid out of the respective shares of said devices in the purchase money arising from this sale. Full possession will be given March 25th, 1871. The purchaser, however, will be allowed to enter and seed a field in wheat next fall, and will receive the landlord's share of the corn crop now growing.

THE TERMS OF SALE ARE:—One-fourth of the purchase money to be paid in cash on the day of sale; one other fourth in one year thereafter, and the remainder in ten equal instalments, payable in three, four, and five years from the day of sale. The credit payments to draw interest from the day of sale (the interest to be paid annually thereon on the whole sum owing) and the payment thereof to be secured by the land or notes of the purchaser, with a surety or sureties to be approved by the Trustee.

Cost of deed, stamps, &c. to be paid by purchaser. JAS. BLACK GROOMER, Trustee.
June 11-1f Elkton, Md.

Apples, Pears, Peaches, Plums, Cherries, Currants, Grapes, &c.
105 Barclay St.,
Ackers & Co.,
Choice Fruits,
New York.

Shipping Orders Filled with Care.
BY PERMISSION we refer to Henry Cowgill, Woodside, Kent county, Del. P. C. VanOrman, Willow Grove Station, " For further information, send to us for shipping and fruit packing directions.
June 11-6m

25,000 White Oak Peach Baskets, 20,000 Slave, or Clayton Tub Basket. 10,000 American Berry Basket.
In store and for sale by
A. T. BRADLEY,
Commission Merchant, Middletown, Del.

P. S.—Peach Growers, before you buy call and see my stock; you can soon satisfy yourself that I have a good article, and as cheap as can be found in any market. All applications by mail promptly answered.
A. T. Bradley.
may 4-3mos

Blacksmithing and Wheelwrighting IN ALL THEIR BRANCHES.

HAVING employed good workmen, I am now prepared to do all kinds of work in Wheelwrighting, connection with Blacksmithing. Horseshoeing, Carriage Work and Cradle Work, done in the best manner. All work warranted. I have a new process for tempering mill picks, and finishing them. Millers will find it to their advantage to call on me before sending their picks to the city to be tempered.

I also have some second hand Peach Wagons and Mill Dearborns for sale, which I will sell at a bargain.
J. C. VANDEBEEK,
June 4-3m Middletown, Del.

E. T. EVANS, AGENT FOR
W. H. WANSER,
"PEACH KING" OF NEW YORK,
WILL BE IN THE MARKET TO BUY ALL
Good Orchards of Peaches
Offered during the ensuing season.
may 28-2mos

A GREAT OFFER. HORACE WATERS,
481, Broadway, New York,
WILL dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class makers, including Chickering & Sons, an extremely low price for cash, during this month, or will take from \$5 to \$25 monthly until paid.
June 4-3m

NOTICE.
HAVING purchased the exclusive right for Kent and Queen Anne's counties, Md., to manufacture and sell Smith's Patent Extension Step and Fruit Ladder, I hereby forward all persons from trespassing upon my rights in said Ladder, as I will enforce the law against any one so offending.
WM. HUBY.
June 11-3m

Hinkley Knitter.
FOR Family use, price \$30. Knits everything, uses only one needle, simple and reliable. Circulars and sample stocking sent free. Agents ten piers per day. A child can operate it. Knits wanted. Address
HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO. Bath Me.
June 4-3m Or 116 Broadway N. Y.

GROCERY, PROVISION AND VARIETY STORE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Middletown and vicinity that he has opened a Store on Main street, opposite the Pennsylvania Machine Works, where may always be found, at the lowest prices, and of the best quality,

Hams, Pork, Lard, DRIED BEEF, MACKEREL AND HERRING, COFFEE, TEA, SUGAR, and a general variety of GROCERIES.

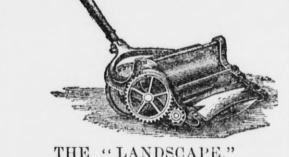
Drummond's Flour, meal and Feed, Watson's Crackers, Confectionaries, Tobacco and Segars, soap, starch, and soda. Adams' extra early and sugar corn for seed; white and yellow onion sets, Landroth garden seed of all varieties. Early Rose, Early Goodrich, White Sprouts, Harrisson and Peach Blow Potatoes. Foreign and domestic

GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS, Canned Fruit and Vegetables; Pickles, Green Vegetables, Poultry, Eggs, and numerous other articles.

He will be happy to wait on his friends at all times, and hopes they will give him a call. He will also pay the highest cash prices for Poultry, Eggs, Dried Fruits, and all kinds of Furs.

DE WITT C. WALKER,
Middletown, March 5-6m

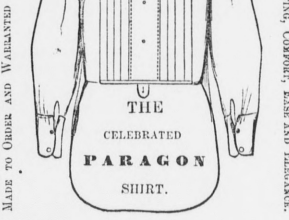
LAWN MOWER.



THE "LANDSCAPE."

OF this little hand Mower we are prepared to assert that it is the best, simplest and most efficient machine now in the market. We challenge all others. It is compact, cheap and durable, and warranted to perform its work with ease and satisfaction. A small boy can operate it as well as a man. It has the double advantage of a Roller attachment, which will be found useful in the rolling of walks, &c.

Call and see it at
W. H. JONES' Philadelphia Central Agricultural Implement and Seed Warehouse, general dealer in fertilizers of all kinds, and everything necessary to the farmer, wholesale and retail.
No. 1621 MARKET STREET, Philadelphia, Pa.
may 7-3mos.
For sale by
E. T. EVANS.



Send for self-measurement circular.
J. P. DUFFCHEN,
may 28-1f 410 Market st. Wilmington, Del.

Peninsular Machine Works



MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.
PENNINGTON BROS.
HAVE bought out the Peninsular Machine Works at Middletown. Mr. A. R. Pennington will take charge of the same and intends to carry on the business in its various branches and invites his old friends and patrons to give him a call.
may 7-1y

BEECHER'S DIAMOND Peach Basket.

THE BEST & CHEAPEST IN THE MARKET.
FOR SALE, AT THE BEECHER BASKET COMPANY'S PRICES.

By
H. G. LLOYD,
may 7-3mos Mt. Pleasant, Del.

Sample Baskets may be seen at Charles Tatum's, Ortilp's and Lippincott's Hotels, and at E. T. Evans' Agricultural Warehouse, Middletown, Delaware.

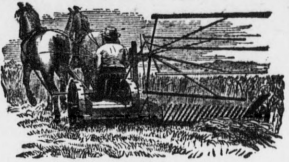
RICHARD TOWNSEND & CO. Commission Merchants AND DEALERS IN Peaches, Pears, Strawberries, AND OTHER FRUITS, Nos. 369 and 370, Centre Ave. W. Washington Market, NEW YORK.

R. TOWNSEND, J. HILLIARD, F. McMULKIN, Townsend, Del. New York.

REFER BY PERMISSION TO Samuel Townsend, Esq. Townsend, Del. Hon. Benjamin T. Biggs, St. Georges, Del. Wm. J. Griffith, Sassafras, Md. Dr. George R. Dennis, Kenton, Del. Hon. Judge Houston, Milford, Del. R. A. Frasier, Sassafras, Md. Samuel Townsend, Jr. Canterbury, Del. M. S. Carman, Sassafras, Md. J. C. Vandyke, Vandyke Station, Delaware. may 28-4mos.

ONE NEW PENNINGTON REAPER For sale by
JUNE 11-1y E. T. EVANS, Middle town, Del.

THE EXCELSIOR



DROPPING REAPER AND MOWER, FOR 1870.

HAVING received from the manufacturers, a car-load of these justly celebrated machines, improved and built expressly for this season of the country, we ask our farmers to examine them before purchasing elsewhere.

There are three styles of Excelsior, to suit various customers.

THE SENIOR EXCELSIOR With wood frame, has been before the public for the last ten years, and has no superior.

THE IRON-CLAD EXCELSIOR Combines the accumulated improvements of the Senior Wood Frame, and has several features peculiar to itself. It has an enclosed iron frame constructed on the principle of the arch, so as to combine enormous strength, with great lightness.

THE JUNIOR EXCELSIOR Is mounted on small wheels, of the same dimensions as the Buckeye. To those who want a Junior, we confidently recommend this machine.

We refer to
R. S. Griffith, Sassafras, Md.
B. F. H. Gaulk, " "
B. F. Hanson, Middletown, Del.
John J. Williams, St. Augustine, Md.

RUSSELL

Combined Reaper & Mower WITH DROPPING ATTACHMENT.

It is with an unusual degree of confidence that we present this machine to the public for the harvest of 1870, it having passed through the trials of the past nine years with entire success. We feel confident that for utility, lightness of draft, strength, and durability, it has no superior.

This assertion we propose to make good to all who purchase these machines. To any one wishing a Rear Cut Machine, we offer the Russell.

We refer to
H. A. Nowland, Middletown, Del.
Thomas Massey " "
W. T. Beeks, Warwick, Md.
Dr. M. A. Durney, Cecilton, " "

Catalogues of both Excelsior and Russell machines to be had on application.

Russell Separators. It is impossible for us, in this brief notice, to speak of all the points of utility and excellence embraced in these machines, and must content ourselves with a mere mention of a few of them, and invite you to examine the machine. We will furnish either the open or closed cylinder, spiked with the very best of iron. The cylinder shaft is made of steel, and fitted with brass liners with the best babbit metal. The gear shafts are made of steel, and run in boxes lined with Babbit metal. The gearing is made of the best of charcoal iron, and fitted in the best possible manner. The cylinder is perfectly adjusted, by men of long experience. The cylinder cap is so constructed that the cylinder will not throw dust into the face of the feeder. The grain-carrier is ten inches wider than the cylinder, affording ample room to obtain a perfect separation.

The revolving knocker in the second carrier is of great value in securing the grain. The double fan will clean grain of all kinds, in the most perfect manner, without waste. The revolving and vibrating shoe-rakes are very useful in preventing the chocking or filling up of the shoe and elevator. The arrangement for raising and lowering the concave is very simple and easily operated. The self-feeding and noiseless shake-rods, for the shoe and elevator grom, must be seen to be appreciated. The small shafts are made of good iron, the Journals turned, polished, and fitted in the boxes perfectly. The boxes are lined with Babbit metal, and fitted with oil cups and caps to keep out the dust. The pulleys are made of cast-iron, covered with leather, to prevent slipping. The belts are of good oak-tanned leather, well stretched, cemented and riveted together.

Double Pinion Horse-Power, WITH RUSSELL'S PATENT MOVABLE CENTER.

Russell's Improved Double Pinion eight and ten-horse Cary Power, with movable centre, has long been in use, during which time it has withstood the most severe tests, and for light draft, strength and durability, it has no equal. The movable centre, is of great value, for by its use the master wheel is allowed to adjust itself to the master pinions, so as to divide the labor equally, thus saving the wear and removing to a great extent the liability to break by sudden jerks or starts of the horses. The 4 and 6 horse power is essentially the same as the eight and ten, except in size.

The spring coupling fork is now attached to the line shaft of the power, and is made with a reversible dog, by taking off the coupling fork and changing the dog, the horses may travel either to the right or left.

THE RIGGS GANG PLOW. This invaluable implement has been in use in this section of the country for a number of years, and has no superior. We refer to Wm. Knight, Cecilton Md. S. F. Shalleross, Middletown, Del.

The above named machines, together with all the standard Agricultural Implements, for sale at the

Agricultural Warehouse OF
E. T. EVANS,
MIDDLETOWN, DELAWARE.

THE VALVE JAR. We invite the attention of the public to the merits of a new Fruit Jar, patented March 10th, 1868. It embraces all the elements of a Complete Jar, and obviates every objection urged against those now in use. It is known that various Fruit Jars have been advertised as self-sealing, but experience has proven that no self-sealing jar has heretofore been made. The fastening of this Jar is a spring wire coil, unlike any known jar fastening, the pressure of which is brought to bear directly upon the cover, which is raised imperceptibly by boiling, and being closed by atmospheric pressure, it operates as does a safety valve, and when the Jar is removed from boiling water, it is instantly self-sealed. We request a critical examination of its simplicity and efficiency, also a comparison with all other Jars. The trimmings consist of three pieces: 1st. The Coil, 2d. The Tin Cover, 3d. The Gum Ring. A sample Jar, with coil, cover, gum ring, and "cooker," will be carefully boxed and sent to any address, upon receipt of 50 cents.

E. T. EVANS,
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304 W. M. KENNARD 306

THE CASH AND DRY GOODS

CARPET HOUSE, OF DELAWARE.

304 & 306 MARKET STREET, WILMINGTON,

Is now prepared to offer to Cash Buyers one of the best selected, greatest variety, and largest assortment of goods ever offered in this State.</

MIDDLETOWN ACADEMY.

First Class Boarding and
DAY SCHOOL,
UNDER THE DIRECTION OF
WARREN I. HICKS, A. M. } PRINCIPALS,
HUDSON A. WOOD, A. M. }
assisted by
rs. GENIE H. HICKS and Mrs. MARY WOOD.

FALL Term begins September 12th, and ends December 3d.
WINTER Term begins December 5th and ends March 17th. Vacation of one week at Christmas and at the close of the term.
SPRING Term begins March 27th and ends June 14th.
The following are the charges for the Fall and

Small Scholars in First Lessons.....	\$ 5 00.
Primary Department.....	8 00.
Academical Department.....	11 00.
Classical Department.....	15 00.
Instrumental Music.....	12 00.

Use of Piano.....	2 00.
German and French (each extra).....	2 00.
Tuition per annum, including board, wood, lights, and washing.....	220 00.
The same per Term.....	75 00.

Students charged from the time of entering.
For further particulars address the Principals
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\$0	Farms in Maryland,	\$10	to \$150	per acre.
"	"	Virginia	5	75 "
"	"	N. Carolina	2	100 "
"	"	Tennessee	10	100 "
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ALSO, 2,600,000 ACRES,

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FROM 50 CENTS. TO \$10 PER ACRE.

WE can offer greater inducements to those seeking investments in Real Estate than any other agency in the United States.

To parties wishing to visit North Carolina or the purpose of buying land we issue Reduced rate Tickets, and we offer a Drawback of \$10 in each ticket to parties who purchase farms in the Southern States.

Send Twenty-five cents for "The Southern Real Estate Record" which contains full descriptions of farms. Address

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Monumental Marble Works,
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NEW CASTLE, DEL.

Monuments, Marble and Enameled
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furnished at short notice, and on reasonable terms

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DEALER IN
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Where he offers to the trade a very attractive
stock of choice and desirable
Dress Goods, White Goods, Flannels
Prints, Domestics, Cottonades, Kentucky
Jeans, &c. &c.

He would ask the especial attention of the gen-
tlemen to his stock of
CLOTHS, TRICOTS, DOESKINS,
AND
Fancy Cassimeres,
All grades of which he has on hand.

HOSIERY AND NOTIONS,
Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Cedarware

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Oil Cloths,
Straw Mattings, Oil
Window Shades.
SALT, OILS, GLASS, &C. &C.
25 Well-Assorted Styles of Wall Paper.
MACKEREL, SHAD & HERRING
Of all grades, constantly on hand.
GIVE HIM A CALL.
apr 16—y

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NEW

Spring and Summer Goods

HAVING just returned from the city with a large and well-selected stock of Spring and Summer Goods, bought at the lowest cash prices from first hands and auction, we are now prepared to supply our friends and the public, with all goods kept by us, at *very reduced prices*, for

We would call their attention to our
CHEAP CARPETS & MATTINGS
 from auction, namely: Stair, Cottage, Rag,
 Hemp, Ingrain, &c.—prices 35, 40, 50, 75, \$1.00

MERRIMACK PRINTS, 12½ to 13 Cts
OTHER MAKES 6½ " 10 "

DELAINE, <i>From</i>	15	"	25	"
ALPACAS "	30	"	75	"
WHITE SUGARS	12	"	14	"

A large stock of Gents Fine City-made Boots
and Gaiters.

Trunks and Carpetbags,

A fine assortment of Men's and Boys' Clothing

latest styles.

HATS AND CAPS,
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AT VERY LOW PRICES!!!

Purchasers would do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.

FOR RENT.
A STORE HOUSE,

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